The fountain is currently out of function. The fountain frieze shows scenes from the history of the marketplace as a mosaic. The Free Imperial Town Era (1360–1803). The twin towns Christchurch, Tatabánya, Saint-Lô and its twinned towns are set into the floor of the städter Brunnen (fountain) the coat of Arms of Aalen and its twinned towns are set into the floor of the städter Brunnen (fountain) the coat of Arms of Aalen and the coat of Arms of Aalen and the coat of Arms of Aalen and the coat of Arms of Aalen and the coat of Arms of Aalen. The building was rebuilt and painted in its old style in 1949.

The fountain was an essential part of the water supply for the population of the imperial town Aalen. The water pipe was originally very primitive. The fountain basin was made of wood and thus not very tight. It was therefore decided on an octagonal basin made of cast iron. Today, a new baroque style fountain is found in place of the first cast iron basin. The statue of Emperor Joseph I is a copy of the original which can be found in the foyer of the town hall.

Strolling are the four pavements which show the Württemberg coat of arms from 1708, the Aalen coat of arms and coat of arms of the incorporated municipalities.

The town fire bell from the 16th century, which survived the collapse of the church tower in 1707, is also standing again. The cemetery surrounding the church was reduced to the St.-Johann-Rinne outside the town in 1530.

The church tower collapsed onto the church roof, under the load in 1634. The befriended imperial town Nuremberg donated a rococo stair-case. The building today houses the Urweltmuseum (Jurassic Museum). On the ground floor the Tourist Information Aalen team will inform you about sights worth seeing in the town and on the Schwäbische Alb.

A statue of Emperor Joseph I is a copy of the original which can be found in the foyer of the town hall.

The building was erected by force of arms. The citizens of Aalen were very shocked, as, on the one hand they had no doubt about the emperor’s goodwill, and, on the other hand, the town wall was not in good condition. It was decided to send a fellow Aalen citizen on a scouting mission of the enemy camp. Only the cleverest came into question. Well-known as he was, he was quickly found. Unnoticed by the imperial guard, the spy courageously crept into the enemy’s camp where he immediately recognized the Emperor amongst his knights. He took off his hat and innocently said: “Good day, gentleman!” The Emperor asked him who he was and where he came from. “I am the mayor of Aalen”, he replied. The Emperor and his entourage were very baffled by the openness. He had a good sense of humour and let the brave Aalen citizen who had fulfilled his orders in such an original way, through the camp. His hat was festively fed and showered with presents.

The Emperor informed the citizens of Aalen by letter, that he would like to live in peace with such courageous and clever people and wanted to forgive the town leaders. Everyone in Aalen was very happy about this letter, that he would like to live in peace with such courageous and clever people and wanted to forgive the town leaders. Everyone in Aalen was very happy. The town fire bell from the 16th century, which survived the collapse of the church tower in 1707, is also standing again. The cemetery surrounding the church was reduced to the St.-Johann-Rinne outside the town in 1530.

A monument was set on the old town hall tower out of gratitude. Since then he has been partly, ever since he has been partly, ever since he has been partly, ever since. A picture was taken of the tower of the town hall with the emperor’s pipe.
Lim es as an U N ESCO  World H eritage site since 20 0 5. The Archaeological Park with the famous Lim esm useum today offers an impressive insight into the era when Aalen was a frontier zone to the Roman Empire. Aalen belongs to the highlights of the UNESCO World Heritage Site “Frontiers of the Roman Empire” because the Upper German – Rhaetian Limes, the frontier between the Rhine and Danube east through Aalen, 1,800 years ago. The largest cavalry fort north of the Alps was built behind the observation stations of the border line. The ruins of the fort which are well worth seeing are located in the archaeological part of the Lim es Museum on the outskirts of the town centre.

Besucherbergwerk Tiefen Stollen

Tourist-Information Aalen

User highlight

Urweltmuseum Aalen

Caves italy: Cervia lies between Ravenna and Rimini on the Italian Adriatic coast and has 29,000 inhabitants. Salt production from salt works has been an important part of the town’s history. The garden city Milano Marittima is very famous for its flower show and its beautiful sandy beach.

SCHLOSS FACHSEN Feld

Schloss Fachsenfeld

Fachsenfeld Castle

Schloss Fachsenfeld

Cultrure at its finest, also in the architectural gem “Schloss Fachsenfeld” in the middle of an original landscape park – a synthesis of nature, history, culture and art, including a significant collection of pictures from south-west German impressionism.

LIMES – THERMEN AALEN

Bubbling thermal water from the depths of the swabian mountains, swimming baths and pools in Roman style bathing temples or in the open-air pool, exclusive sauna for its flower show and its beautiful sandy beach.

LIMES MUSEUM AALEN

It was breathtaking when the largest Roman cavalry fort north of the Alps, from which large sections of the Limes of 1,800 years ago were guarded were discovered near Aalen. No less breathtaking was the recognition of the Lim es as an UNESCO World Heritage site since 20 0 5. The Archaeological Park with the famous Lim esm useum today offers an impressive insight into the era when Aalen was a frontier zone to the Roman Empire. Aalen belongs to the highlights of the UNESCO World Heritage Site “Frontiers of the Roman Empire” because the Upper German – Rhaetian Limes, the frontier between the Rhine and Danube east through Aalen, 1,800 years ago. The largest cavalry fort north of the Alps was built behind the observation stations of the border line. The ruins of the fort which are well worth seeing are located in the archaeological part of the Lim es Museum on the outskirts of the town centre.

LIMES MUSEUM AALEN

Railway Schloss Fachsenfeld

Limes-Thermen Aalen

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